## St Peter's History Long Term Plan – KS1 and KS2

KS1 History Long Term Plan						
	Autumn	Spring	Summer			
	How am I making History?	How have Toys changed?	How did we learn to fly?			
Year 1 Pluto	Looking at personal chronology and finding out about the past within living memory, children examine photographs and ask questions. They begin to look at a simple timeline extending back to before they were born.	Sequencing toys into a physical timeline, children investigate artefacts from the past and begin to pose questions. They learn how teddy bears have changed and 'interview' an old teddy bear before considering what toys may be like in the future.	Developing their knowledge of events beyond living memory, reinforcing their chronological understanding by looking at significant events in the history of flight on a timeline. Learning about the individuals who contributed to the history of flight.			
	Communities  Significant people  Change	Change Trade	Significant people Change Beliefs			
	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to school from Grandparents	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to class from Mrs Langton	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to Duxford aerodrome/Biggin Hill			
Year 2 Earth	Finding out the role of a monarch, children compare the monarchy today with the monarchy in the past. Pupils investigate how William the Conqueror became King and learn how he used castles to rule. They study different types of castles and consider how these evolved over time.	How have activists and explorers changed the world?  Finding out about events and people beyond living memory, children focus on explorers and activists in our local area what makes them significant. They create a timeline and investigate which parts of the world were explored, before comparing exploration in the past with exploration today. Finally, they discuss ways in which these significant people could be remembered.	How was School different in the past?  A comparison with the old and new St Peter's Primary School  Finding out that schools have been in the locality for a long time, but they have not always been the same. Children look for similarities and differences and use a range of sources enabling them to recognise some continuity between their lives and the past.			
	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to The Tower of London	Enrichment opportunities: Visit to the Amelia Scott Museum and to The Pantiles	Enrichment opportunity: Dressing up day and Victorian school experience			

LKS2 History Long Term Plan					
	Autumn	Spring	Summer		
	Would you prefer to live in the Stone Age, Bronze Age or Iron Age?	Why did the Romans settle in Britain?	What did the Ancient Egyptians Believe?		
Year 3 Neptune	Looking at the chronology of mankind from the Stone Age to today, children are introduced to Britain's story. Using archaeological evidence, children learn about the changes from the Stone to the Bronze Age and answer historical questions. Identifying the limitations of this type of evidence and reconstructing the life of the Amesbury Archer.	Developing their chronological awareness of AD and BC, children investigate why the Romans invaded Britain and how the Celts reacted to the invasion. They learn how the Romans changed the way people lived their lives and how archaeological evidence is used to reconstruct the lives of the Romans. Comparing Roman life to today, children learn how the Romans still influence lives today.	Developing awareness of how historians learn about the past using mummies, the Book of the Dead and pyramids, children learn the place of the ancient Egyptians in time. Pupils learn about the importance of religion in the ancient Egyptians' lives and consider how this is evident in pyramids, worship and mummification. They learn how the ancient Egyptians explained the existence of the world using their creation story.		
	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to the school from a Stone Age history group and archery session What did the Greeks do for	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to Lullingstone Roman Villa  How have children's lives	Enrichment opportunity: Artwork related to mumification  How hard was it to Settle and		
Year 4 Mercury	Through investigating the city states of Athens and Sparta, children identify the similarities and differences between them. Using different sources of	changed?  Investigating the changes in children's lives through time, children learn how spare time, children's health and work have changed. They explore the	Invade in Britain?  Developing their understanding of why people invade and settle, children learn about the Anglo-Saxon invasion and Viking raids. They learn about Anglo-Saxon		
	evidence, they learn about democracy and compare this to the ways in which other civilisations are governed. Considering the legacy of the ancient Greeks, children learn about the Olympic games, architecture, art and theatre.	most crucial change - work - in more detail, learning about a day in the life of a working child before learning about the significance of Lord Shaftesbury and his impact on schools and working conditions.	beliefs and how Christianity spread. They investigate Anglo-Saxon settlements and investigate how the period of Anglo-Saxon rule came to end.		
	Enrichment opportunities: Athens and Spartans dressing up day and debate Let's go Greek Workshop and food tasting experience	Enrichment opportunity: Victorian London experience	Enrichment opportunity: Anglo-Saxon life – visit		

UKS2 History Long Term Plan						
	Autumn	Spring	Summer			
Year 5 Saturn	Were the Vikings raiders, traders or settlers?	How did the Maya Civilisation compare to the Anglo-Saxons?	What was life like in Tudor England?			
	of different societies, children learn about the Vikings. They develop their chronological understanding and learn about the struggle for Britain between the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings. Using new types of sources and historical enquiry techniques, pupils investigate whether the Vikings were raiders, traders or settlers.	Extending their knowledge of civilisations, children compare and contrast the Maya to Britons at the time. They develop their chronological awareness of how the Maya fit into the timeline of mankind. Pupils learn about the achievements of the Maya and contrast to the experience of the Anglo-Saxons in Britain at this time. Deepening their understanding of the growth of empires, they also learn why the Maya Empire declined.	Comparing Henry VIII and Elizabeth I, children learn about the changing nature of monarchy. They learn how both monarchs tried to control the public perception of themselves using portraits and royal progresses. Using Tudor inventories to investigate whether people were rich or poor, children learn about what life was like for people living in Tudor times.			
	Enrichment opportunity: A Viking experience day led by a historical visitor	Enrichment opportunity: Mayan experience at the Kent life museum	Enrichment opportunity: Trip to Hever Castle or Penshurst Place			
Year 6 Jupiter	What was the Impact of WW2 on British People?  Extending their chronological knowledge beyond 1066, children learn about how World War II changed British society. They learn about the different reasons why Britain went to war in 1939 and investigate the experiences of families during the Blitz. Using a range of sources which are new to them including video and photographs, children reconstruct the feelings of those living on the home front in World War II and consider how migrants helped the war effort.	What does the Census tell us about our local area?  Investigating local history during the Victorian period, children carry out an enquiry using the census, parish register, and factory records. They learn about the changes to the family over a period of time and suggest reasons for these changes, linking them to national events. Planning their own historical enquiry, they research a local family.	Unheard Histories: Who should go on the banknote?  Investigating why historical figures are on banknotes, children learn about the criteria for historical significance. They participate in a tennis rally debate and create a video to explain why their historical figure was significant, before selecting a historical figure for the £10 note.			
	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to Kent Life Museum	Enrichment opportunity: Visit to the Amelia Scott	Enrichment opportunities: To hold a debate To research and dress up as a famous figure from history To visit the Bank of England			